Subject Code: 1501301
K S R M College of Engineering (Autonomous), KADAPA - 516003
B.Tech $3^{\text {rd }}$ Semester Supple Examinations, 2019 - Model Paper ENGINEERING MECHANICS
(Civil Engineering)
Time: 03:00 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any FIVE questions choosing one question from each unit
All questions carry Equal Marks
UNIT 1

1) (a) How do you classify force system?
(b) A system of four forces acting on a body is as shown in the figure below. Determine the resultant of given force system.


OR
2. (a) state and prove Varigon's theorem.
(b)Determine the horizontal force $P$ to be applied to a block of weight 1500 N to hold it in position on a smooth inclined plane $A B$ which makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with horizontal as shown in figure.


## UNIT 2

3. (a) Explain the laws of solid friction.


OR
4. (a) A simply supported beam $A B$ of 7 m span is subjected to (i) 4 kNm clockwise couple at 2 m from $A$ (ii) 8 kNm anticlockwise couple at 5 m from $A$ and a triangular load with zero intensity at 2 m from $A$ is increasing to $4 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}$ at a point 5 m from $A$. determine the reaction at $A$ and $B$.

7M
(b) A body of weight 500 N is pulled up by an inclined plane by a force of 350 N . The inclination of plane is $\mathbf{3 0}$ degree to the horizontal and the force is applied parallel to the plane. Determine the coefficient of friction.

## UNIT 3

5. Determine the forces in all the members of truss shown in the figure. All the inclined members are $\mathbf{6 0}$ degrees to horizontal and length of each members is $\mathbf{2 ~ m}$.


## OR

6. Determine the forces in all the members of truss shown in figure. Indicate the nature of forces also.


## UNIT IV

7. State and prove parallel axis theorem.

14M
OR
8. Find the moment of inertia of the section given below.


## UNIT V

9. A bullet is fired upwards at an angle of 30 to the horizontal from a point $P$ on a hill and it strikes a target which is 80 m lower than $B$. The initial velocity of the bullet is $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Calculate: 14 M
(a) The maximum height to which bullet will rise above the horizontal;
(b) The actual velocity with which it will strike the target;
(c) The total time required for the flight of the bullet.

OR
10. An elevator weighing 5000 N is ascending with an acceleration of $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. During this ascent its operator whose weight is 700 N is standing on scales placed on the floor. What is scale reading? What will be the total tension in the cables of the elevator during motion?

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), KADAPA <br> MODEL QUESTION PAPER <br> FOUR YEAR B. TECH (R15) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, OCT/NOV 2019 <br> Third Semester Examination FLUID MECHANICS \& HYDRAULIC MACHINERY 

Time: 3 Hrs.
Max Marks: 70
Note: Answer any FIVE questions by choosing one from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT 1

1) (a) Define specific weight, mass density, specific volume and specific gravity 7M
(b) At a point in a layer of glycerin of specific gravity 1.263, the shear stress is $0.1962 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ \& velocity gradient is $0.25 \mathrm{~S}^{-1}$. Calculate coefficient of dynamic viscosity and kinematic viscosity?

$$
7 \mathrm{M}
$$

## OR

2. (a) Define steady flow, unsteady flow, uniform flow, non-uniform flow and give proper examples
7M
(b) When 2500 liters of water flows per minute through a 0.3 m diameter pipe which later reduces to a 0.15 m diameter pipe, calculate the velocities of flow in the two pipes. 7M

## UNIT 2

3. (a) Define momentum principle and give expression for force exerted on a pipe bend? 7M
(b) Oil of specific gravity 0.75 flows through a 15 cm diameter pipe under a pressure of $98.1 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. If the datum is 3 m below center of pipe and total energy with respect to datum is $20 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{N}$, calculate the discharge?

## OR

4. (a) What do you understand by equivalent length of a pipe \& give expression? 7M
(b) A pipe system consists of 3 pipes connected in series (1) 300 m long, 15 cm diameter (2) 150 m long, 20 cm diameter (3) 250 m long, 20 cm diameter. Determine the equivalent
length of 12.5 cm diameter pipe
7M

## UNIT 3

5. (a) Obtain the expression for the force exerted by jet of water on a fixed flat plate inclined at an angle of " $\theta$ " to the jet?

7M
(b) A jet of water 75 mm diameter having a velocity of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ strikes normally a flat smooth plate determine the thrust on the plate if the plate is at rest.

7M

## OR

6. (a) What are different types of efficiencies of a turbine?

7M
(b) Explain the classification of turbines? Explain the working of pelton wheel turbine with a neat sketch?

7M

## UNIT 4

7. (a) Explain briefly the principles on which a Kaplan turbine works? 7M
(b) A Francis turbine working under a head of 5 m at a speed of 210rpm develops 75 kW when the rate of flow of water is $1.8 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{sec}$ if the head is increased to 16 m , determine the speed, discharge and power?
7M

## OR

8. (a) Draw and discuss the operating characteristics of a centrifugal pump? 7M
(b) Define a centrifugal pump. Explain the working of single stage centrifugal pump with neat sketches?

7M

## UNIT 5

9. (a) Discuss various classifications of different types of hydropower plants? 7M
(b) Define the terms load factor, utilization factor, capacity factor and diversity factor? 7M
10. (a) Define and derive an expression for specific speed of a pump. How does specific speed help in pump selection?

7M
(b) Describe various investigations required in connection with hydro power development? 7M

# K S R M College of Engineering (Autonomous), KADAPA - 516003 <br> B.Tech ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Semester Supple Examinations, 2019 - Model Paper <br> SURVEYING - I <br> (Civil Engineering) 

Time: 03:00 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 70

## Answer any FIVE Questions choosing one question from each unit.

## UNIT-1

1. a) Define surveying? Explain its classification?
b) Write a brief note about principles of surveying?
(or)
2. a) A tape 20 m long of standard length at $84^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ was used to measure a line, the mean temperature during measurement being $65^{\circ}$. The measured distance was 882.10 meters, the following being the slopes:

$$
\begin{gather*}
2^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \text { for } 100 \mathrm{~m}  \tag{6m}\\
4^{\circ} 12^{\prime} \text { for } 150 \mathrm{~m} \\
1^{\circ} 6^{\prime} \text { for } 50 \mathrm{~m} \\
7^{\circ} 48^{\prime} \text { for } 200 \mathrm{~m} \\
3^{\circ} 0^{\prime} \text { for } 300 \mathrm{~m} \\
5^{\circ} 10^{\prime} \text { for } 82.10 \mathrm{~m}
\end{gather*}
$$

Find the true length of the line if the coefficient of expansion is $65 \times 10^{-7}$ per $1^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
b) Explain any three methods for determining the distance between two inaccessible points, when there is an obstacle to both chaining and ranging?

UNIT-2
3. a) What is meant by magnetic declination? Explain different variations in declination?
b) The following bearings were observed in running a closed traverse.

| Line | F.B. | B.B. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AB | $75^{\circ} 5^{\prime}$ | $254^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ |
| BC | $115^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ | $296^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ |
| CD | $165^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ | $345^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ |
| DE | $224^{\circ} 50^{\prime}$ | $44^{\circ} 5^{\prime}$ |
| EA | $304^{\circ} 50^{\prime}$ | $125^{\circ} 5^{\prime}$ |

At what stations do you suspect the local attraction? Determine the correct magnetic bearings.
4. a) The following perpendicular offsets were taken at 10 m intervals from a survey line to an irregular boundaries of line: $3.25,5.60,4.20,6.65,8.75,6.20,3.25,4.20,5.65$. Calculate the area enclosed between the survey line ,the irregular boundary line, and the first and last offsets, by the application of a)trapezoidal rule
b) average ordinate rule
c) Simpson's rule
b)A railway embankment is 10 m wide with side slopes $11 / 2$ to 1 .Assuming the ground to be level in a direction transverse to the center line, calculate the volume contained in a length of 120 meters ,the central heights at 20 m intervals being in meters $2.2,3.7,3.8,4.0,3.8,2.8,2.5$.use prismoidal rule.

## UNIT-3

5. a) The following staff reading were observed successively with a level .The instrument having been moved after third ,sixth and eighth readings 2.228, 1.606, 0.988, 2.090, $2.864,1.262,0.602,1.982,1.044,2.684$ meters. Calculate the R.L of points if the first reading was taken with a staff held on a B.M of 432.384 m
b) Write a brief note about curvature \& refraction
(or)
6. a) Explain different characteristics of contour with neat diagrams
b) Explain any two indirect methods of locating contours

## UNIT-4

7. a) Explain temporary adjustments in setting a theodolite
b) Explain Repetition and reiteration methods of horizontal angle measurements
(or)
8. a) Explain any three methods for balancing the traverse
b) Discuss different cases of omitted measurements

## UNIT-5

9. a)Explain the two methods for determining the multiplying and additive constants ( 7 m )
b) A tachometer was set up at a station A and the readings on a vertically held staff at B were $2.255,2.605$, and 2.955, the line of sight being at an inclination of $+8^{0} 24^{\prime}$. Another observation on the vertically held staff at B.M. gave the readings 1.640,1.920 and 2.200 , the inclination of the line of sight being $+1^{0} 6^{\prime}$. Calculate the horizontal distance between A and B , and the elevation of B if the R.L of B.M.is 418.685 meters .The constants of the instruments were 100 and 0.3.
(or)
10. a) Derive the distance and elevation formulae for an inclined line of sight with an angle of elevation and an angle of depression.
b) Derive the distance and elevation formulae for staff normal to the line of sight. (7m)

K S R M College of Engineering (Autonomous), KADAPA - 516003
B. Tech $3^{\text {rd }}$ Semester Regular Examinations, 2020 - Model Paper

## Sub: BUILDING MATERIALS

(Civil Engineering)
'Time: 03:00 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: Answer any FIVE Questions choosing One Question from each Unit

## UNIT-I

1. Explain briefly about classification of Rocks?
(OR)
2. Describe briefly about manufacture of bricks?

UNIT-II
3. Explain briefly about manufacturing of cement?
(OR)
4. (a) Explain about ingredients of concrete and elements used in R.C.C
(b) Write the uses and properties of mortar?

## UNIT-III

5. (a) Write the properties of steel?
(b) Write short notes on:
i) fiber reinforced concrete
ii) Light weight concrete?
(OR)
6. (a) Explain about High performance concrete and High strength concrete?

UNIT-IV
7. (a) Explain briefly about the types of paints and its defects?
(b) Explain briefly about elements and properties of varnishes?
(OR)
8. (a) Explain briefly about constituents and composition of glass?
(b) Write the properties of glass and plastic?

## UNIT-V

9. (a) Explain briefly about Reactive powder concrete and Geopolymer concrete?
(b) Explain briefly about Blended cement concrete and its properties?
(OR)
10 (a) Explain briefly about Ready mixed concrete and its advantages?
(b) Write short notes on
i) Ceramic tiles
ii) vitrified tiles
iii) wooden tiles
iv) flooring tiles

# K S R M College of Engineering (Autonomous), KADAPA - 516003 <br> B.Tech $3^{\text {rd }}$ Semester Supple Examinations, 2019 Model Paper FLUID MECHANICS <br> (Civil Engineering) 

Time: 03:00 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Answer FIVE questions, choosing ONE question from each UNIT
2. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks

## UNIT - I

1
(a) Define specific weight, mass density, specific volume and specific gravity.
(b) Define surface tension. Derive expression for the pressure within a droplet of water
(OR)
2 (a) What do you understand by hydrostatic law?
(b) A circular plate of 0.3 m diameter is immersed in water of an inclination $60^{\circ}$ to the free surface with its top edge at 1 M below the water surface. Find the total pressure and centre or pressure on the plate

## UNIT - II

3
(a) What are the methods of describing fluid flow?
(b) Define the equation of continuity. Obtain an expression for the continuity equation for a three dimensional flow?
(OR)
4 (a) Define the terms velocity potential and stream function?
(b) The stream function for a two dimensional flow is given by $\Psi=8 x y$. Calculate the velocity at the point $\mathrm{Q}(4,5)$. Find the velocity potential?

UNIT - III
5 (a) What is hydrodynamics? What are the forces that are considered in solving the problems on hydrodynamics?
(b) State and prove Bernoulli's theorem of flow liquids.
(OR)
$6 \quad$ Water under pressure of $3.924 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ is flowing through a 0.3 m pipe at the rate of 0.25 cumecs. If the pipe is bent by $135^{\circ}$, Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force on the bent.

UNIT-IV

Derive the Hagen - Poiseuille equation stating the assumptions made (OR)

8 (a) What is meant by turbulence? How does if effect the flow properties?
(b) What are major \& minor losses? Derive expression for loss of head due to sudden expansion.

## UNIT - V

What do you understand by the term boundary layer? Describe with reference to flow over a flat plate
(OR)
Explain clearly the phenomenon of boundary layer separation and how it can be prevented.

K S R M College of Engineering (Autonomous), KADAPA - 516003
B.Tech $3^{\text {rd }}$ Semester Regular Examinations, 2019 - Model Paper

Sub: ENGINEERING GEOLOGY
(Civil Engineering)
Time: 03:00 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 70

## Answer any FIVE Questions choosing One Question from each Unit All questions carry Equal Marks <br> UNIT-1

1. (a). Define Geology? Describe various branches of Geology in Civil Engineering field 7 m
(b). Discuss in detail the Importance of Engineering Geology in Civil Engineering 7 m

Or
2. Define Weathering? Explain in detail Chemical weathering with reference Dams 14 m

## UNIT-II

3. (a) Define a Mineral? Describe in detail their properties of Quartz and Feldspar? 7 m
(b) Define Luster, Fracture, and Structures with their suitable examples? 7 m

Or
4. (a) Discuss in detail the properties of
(i) Bauxite
(ii) Mica
7 m
(b) Explain in briefly Clay Minerals?

UNIT-III
5. (a) Explain in details structures of Igneous Rocks?
(b)What do you understand Rock Cycle? Explain various Metamorphism processes?

7 m
Or
6. (a) Describe the following Rocks are given their properties 7 m
(i) Basalt (ii) Marble
(b)Describe the structures of Sedimentary Rocks? 7 m

UNIT-IV
7. (a) What is the Classification of Folds? 7 m
(b)Define the following..,
(i) Normal Fault-Reverse Fault
(ii) Strike-Dip
(iii) Columnar-Sheet Joints
(iv) Recumbent Fold
7 m

Or
8. What is a Un-Conformity? Explain in details?

## UNIT-V

9. What are the Landslides and how they are classified? What are the factors responsible for the Causes ofLandslides?

14 m
Or
10. (a) What are the Geographical Methods
(b) Explain detail of Electrical Resistivity Metho d

Code:1502304

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (autonomous), KADAPA <br> MODEL QUESTION PAPER 

## FOUR YEAR B. TECH (R15) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, OCT/NOV 2019 <br> Third Semester Examination <br> Sub: Electromagnetic Fields

Time: 3 Hrs.
Max Marks : 70
Note : Answer any FIVE questions by choosing one from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT I

1. a) State and explain coulomb's law.
b) Calculate the force on a unit positive charge at $P(2,0) m$ due to the charges $Q_{1}$ at origin and $\mathrm{Q}_{2}$ at $(1,0)$. Where $\mathrm{Q}_{1}=1000 \mathrm{PC}, \mathrm{Q}_{2}=-2000 \mathrm{PC}$.
2. a) What is an Electric Dipole and derive an expression for the Potential (V) and Electric Field Intensity ( $\bar{E}$ ) at any point in free space due to Dipole.
b) Derive Maxwell's First Equation $\nabla \cdot \bar{D}=\rho_{v}$.

## UNIT II

3. a) State Equation of Continuity and derive the expression in Point form and Integral form.
b) Given $\bar{J}=100 \sin$ 回 $\overline{a_{r}} A / m^{2}$ in Spherical Coordinates, find the current crossing the Spherical Shell at $\mathrm{r}=0.02 \mathrm{~m}$.

## (OR)

4. a) Derive the boundary conditions for $\bar{E}$ and $\bar{D}$ at the boundary between two perfect dielectrics.
b) A capacitor with a dielectric of $\epsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=5$ has a plate separation of 4 mm and plate area of $64 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. A voltage of 200 V is applied between the plates. Determine the surface charge density and energy stored in the capacitor.

## UNIT III

5. a) Determine $\mathbf{B}$ due to a straight conductor of length Lm and steady current I Amps at a distance of R m from the centre of line current.
b) If the magnetic field intensity is $\bar{H}=x^{2} \overline{a_{x}}+2 y z \overline{a_{y}}+\left(-x^{2}\right) \overline{a_{z}} A / m$.

Find the current density at point
(a)
2, 3, 4
(b) $\rho=6, \varphi=45^{\circ}, z=3$
(c) $r=3.6, \theta=60^{\circ}, \varphi=90^{\circ}$

## (OR)

6. a) Derive expression for vector magnetic potential ' $\mathbf{A}$ ' which satisfies the vector Poisson's equation
b) Given $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{x}^{2}}$ y $a_{x}+\mathrm{y}^{2} \mathrm{x} \mathrm{a}_{y}-4 \mathrm{xyz} a_{z} \mathrm{wb} / \mathrm{m}$. Find B at $(-1,2,5)$ and Calculate the flux through the surface defined by $Z=1,0 \leq x \leq 1,-1 \leq y \leq 4$.

## UNIT IV

7. a) Derive Lorentz Force Equation. Obtain the expression for the force experienced by a conductor placed in magnetic fields.
b) Calculate the force on a straight conductor of length 30 cm carrying a current of 5 A in $\overline{a_{z}}$ direction and the magnetic field is $\bar{B}=3.5 \times 10^{3}\left(\overline{a_{x}}-\overline{a_{y}}\right)$ Tesla. Where $\overline{a_{x}}$ and $\overline{a_{y}}$ are unit vectors
(OR)
8. a) Derive formulae for self inductance of a solenoid. Use this formulae, find self inductance of a solenoid having 500 turns, mean diameter equal to 10 cm and length equal to 5 cm . Assume medium to be air.
b) What is the torque experienced by a closed circuit carrying a current of I amps and placed in a uniform magnetic field B-Tesla.

## UNIT V

9. a) Explain Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction and derive Maxwell's equation in Integral and Differential Form.
b) Find the displacement current density within a Parallel Plate Capacitor where $\epsilon$ $=100 \epsilon_{0}, a=0.01 \mathrm{~m}^{2}, \mathrm{~d}=0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ and the capacitor voltage is $100 \sin 200 \pi \mathrm{t}$ volts.
(OR)
10. a) Write down Maxwell's equations in differential form and hence obtain the corresponding equations in integral form.
b) A conductor of length 100 cm moves at right angles to a uniform field of strength 10,000 lines $/ \mathrm{cm}^{2}$, with a velocity of $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$. Calculate the EMF induced in it. Find also the value of the induced EMF when the conductor moves at an angle of $30^{\circ}$ to the direction of the field.

Subject Code: 1502305

## K.S.R.M. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), KADAPA

B.Tech. III Semester (R15)
(Common for EEE \& ECE)
Model Paper
Subject: NETWORK THEORY
Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five questions, choosing ONE question from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT-I

1. (a) State the maximum power transfer theorem \& its limitations
(b) Find the voltage across the $2 \Omega$ resistor by using super position theorem.

2. (a) State Reciprocity theorem.
(b) Find the maximum power transferred to the load $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{L}}$ for the network shown below


UNIT-II
3. (a) Derive the relation between phase \& line values of a 3 phase star connected balanced system
(b) Three impedances each of (3-j4) $\Omega$ are connected in delta to a $230 \mathrm{v}, 3-\varphi, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ balanced supply. Calculate the lines and phase currents in delta connected load
and the power delivered to the load.

## (OR)

4. A balanced $3-\varphi$,three wire $, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{v}$ supply is given to a load consisting of 3impedances $(1+\mathrm{j} 1) \Omega,(1+\mathrm{j} 2) \Omega$ and $(3+\mathrm{j} 4) \Omega$ connected in star. Compute the voltages across and current in three phases of the load using loop current method.

## UNIT-III

5. (a) Derive the expression for $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})$ when RC Series Circuit is Excited by a DC Voltage 'V' applied at $\mathrm{t}=0$
(b) A Series RL Circuit with $\mathrm{R}=30 \Omega \& \mathrm{~L}=15 \mathrm{H}$ has a Constant voltage $\mathrm{V}=60$ is applied at $\mathrm{t}=0$ as shown in the figure. Determine the current and the voltage across the resistor and induct $30 \Omega$ 15 H

(OR)
6. Find the expression for current $i\left({ }^{50 \Omega}\right.$ the switch ' 1 ' is closed at $t=0$ and switch ' 2 '


## UNIT-IV

7. (a) Derive the expression for $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})$ for RL series Circuit when by a Sinusoidal source using Laplace transform.
(b) The circuit shown in the figure. consists of series RC element. Obtain the current
transient.

8. In the circuit shown in the figure .determine the complete solution for the current when the switch is closed at $\mathrm{t}=0$.

9. (a) State and explain ABCD parameters
(b) Determine the Z-Parameters of the network shown in the figure.

10. Determine the expression for ABCD parameters of the resulting network when two networks are cascaded.

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (autonomous), KADAPA MODEL QUESTION PAPER <br> FOUR YEAR B. TECH (R15) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, OCT/NOV 2019 <br> Third Semester Examination <br> SUB: Electrical Machines - I 

Time: 3 Hrs.
Max Marks : 70
Note: Answer any FIVE questions by choosing one from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT-I

1. (a) Derive the EMF equation of DC-Generator?
(b) Draw the developed winding diagram of progressive lap winding for 4-Poles, 16 -slots with two coil sides per slot, double layer showing there in position of the poles, direction of motion, direction of induced emf's and position of brushes?

OR
2. (a)How are the de-magnetizing and Cross-magnetizing ampere-Turns/pole in DCMachines are calculated?
(b) A 500V, wave-wound 750 rpm shunt generator supplies a load current of 195A.The armature has 720 conductors and shunt field resistance is $100 \Omega$. Find the demagnetizing ampere-Turns/pole, if the brushes are advanced through 3 segments at this load. Also calculate the extra shunt field turns required to neutralize this demagnetization.

## UNIT-II

3. (a) Explain the procedure to obtain O.C.C of a DC-Shunt Generator?
(b) The armature of a 4-pole lap wound shunt generator has 120 slots with 4conductors per slot. The useful flux per pole is 0.05 wb . the armature resistance is $0.05 \Omega$ and the shunt field resistance is $50 \Omega$. Find the speed of the machine when applying 450A at a terminal voltage of 250 V .

OR
4. (a) What are the reasons for failure of self excited shunt generator to build up voltage?
(b) The following data pertains to the magnetization curve of a DCshunt generator at 300rpm.

| $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{F}}$ in Amps: | 0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{G}}$ in Volts: | 7.5 | 93 | 135 | 165 | 186 | 202 | 215 | 230 |

the field resistance of the machine is adjusted to $354.5 \Omega$ and the speed is 300 rpm for this generator,
(i) Determine the no load generated voltage
(ii) Determine the critical value of the shunt field resistance
(iii) Determine the critical speed for the given shunt field resistance.

## UNIT-III

5. (a) Describe the internal and external characteristics of DC-Shunt generator?
(b) The 220V, DC-Generator, each having linear external characteristics, operate in parallel. One machine has a terminal voltage of 270 V on
No-Load and 220 V at a load current of 35A, while the other has a voltage of 280 V at no-load and 220 V at 50A. Calculate
(i)the output current of each machine and the bus bar voltage when the total load is 60A.
(ii) What is the KW output of each machine under this condition?

OR
6. (a) What is the necessity for parallel operation of generators? Explain the requirements of paralleling of DC-Generator?
(b) The two shunt generators are operating in parallel. The emf induced in one machine is 210 V and that induced in other machine is 220 V . The supply together a load current of 4000 A . If each machine has an armature resistance of $0.01 \Omega$ and field resistance of $20 \Omega$, determine
(i) terminal voltage
(ii) output of each machine.

## UNIT-IV

7. (a) Describe with neat sketches the principle of operation of DC-Motors?
(b) A 4-pole, 220 V shunt motor has 540 lap-wound conductors. It takes 32 A from the supply mains and develops output power of 5.595 KW . The field winding takes 1 A . The armature resistance is $0.09 \Omega$ and the flux per pole is 30 mwb . Calculate:
(i) the speed
(ii) the torque developed in Newton-metre.

OR
8. Briefly explain different speed control methods in DC-Shunt Motors?

## UNIT-V

9. (a) Explain about different losses in DC-Machines?
(b) In a brake test on a small shunt motor the speed was 1500rpm the load on one side of the brake band was 28.9 N and on the other 1.67 N . The diameter of the brake pulley was 15.2 cm . If the input current was 2 A at 250 V , calculate:
(i) the output torque
(ii) efficiency
(iii) the brake horse power.
10. Explain the process of Hopkinson's test with neat sketches?

## Code: (1503301)

## K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KADAPA III SEMESTER MECHANICAL ENGINEERING Model paper <br> SUB: ENGINEERING MECHANICS (1503301)

Time: 3 hours
Max Marks: 70
Answer any five questions choosing one question from each unit
All questions carry equal marks

## UNIT I

1. a) State and explain Varignon' theorem
(4 Marks)
b) The forces $20 \mathrm{~N}, 30 \mathrm{~N}, 40 \mathrm{~N}, 50 \mathrm{~N}$ and 60 N are acting on one of the angular points of a regular hexagon, towards other five angular points taken in order (Figure 1). Find the magnitude and direction of resultant force


Figure 1
(10 Marks)
OR
2. a) Explain free body diagram with one example
(4 Marks)
b) Two smooth spheres each of radius 100 mm and weighing 100 N rest in a horizontal channel having vertical walls ,the distance between which is 360 mm . Find the reactions at the point of contacts $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D as shown in the Figure 2. $\mathrm{o}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{o}_{2}$ are centres of spheres 1 and 2 respectively


Figure 2
(10 Marks)

## UNIT II

3. a) state the laws of friction
(4 Marks)
b) A body of weight 500 Newtons is lying on a rough plane inclined at an angle of $25^{\circ}$ with the horizontal. It s supported by an effort $(\mathrm{P})$ parallel to the plane as shown in the Figure 3.


Figure 3
Determine the minimum and maximum value of P , for which the equilibrium can exist, if the angle of friction is $20^{\circ}$
(10 Marks)

## OR

4 a) State clearly the difference between a perfect frame and an imperfect frame b) Figure 4 shows a warren girder consisting of seven members each of 3 m length freely supported at its end points.


Figure 4
The girder is loaded at B and C as shown in the Figure4. Find the forces in all the members of the girder, indicating whether the force is compressive or tensile.

## UNIT III

5. a) Determine centre of gravity of solid hemisphere of radius $r$ from the base from basic principle.
b) Determine the coordinates $\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{c}}$ and $\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{c}}$ of the centre of 100 mm diameter circular hole cut in a thin plate so that this point will be the centroid of the shaded area shown in the Figure5.All dimensions are in mm .


Figure 5
OR
6a) Find the centroid of the triangle whose height is $h$ and base is $b$ from basic principle.
(4 Marks)
b) A solid body is formed by joining the base of right circular cone of height $H$ to the equal base of a right circular cylinder of height h as shown in the Figure 6. Calculate the distance of centre of the mass of the solid from its plane face when $\mathrm{H}=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{h}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$.


Figure 6

## UNIT 1V

7. a) Derive an equation for moment of inertia of circular section about centroidal axis (4 Marks) b) Find the moment of inertia of area of a $T$ section shown in the Figure 7 about XX and YY axes through the centre of gravity of the section. (All dimensions are in mm )


## OR

8.a)State and prove the theorem of perpendicular axis as applied to moment of inertia (4Marks)
b) Determine mass moment of inertia of a steel rectangular plate $8 \mathrm{~cm} \times 16 \mathrm{~cm} \times 1 \mathrm{~cm}$ thickness as shown in the Figure 8 about centroidal axis parallel to 8 cm side. Take mss density of steel as $8000 \mathrm{kgs} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$.


Figure 8

## UNIT V

9a) A force of 200 N acts on a body of mass 500kgs initially at rest. Find the velocity of the body after the force has been acting for 5 seconds. Also find the distance through which the body will travel in 5 seconds.
b) An elevator weights 2500 kg -weight and is moving vertically downwards with a constant acceleration starting from rest it travels a distance of 35 m during an interval of 10 seconds. Find the cable tension during this time. Neglecting all other resistances to motion, what are the limits of cable tension?
(Marks 7)

## OR

10.a) A wheel increases its speed from 45 r.p.m to 90 r.p.m in 30 seconds . Find
I. Angular acceleration of the wheel
II. Number of revolutions made by the wheel in these 30 seconds.
(Marks 7)
b) A flywheel weighing 50 KN and having radius of gyration 1metre loses its speed from 400r.p.m to 280 r.p.m in 2 minutes. Calculate
I. The retarding torque act on it
II. Change in kinetic energy during the above period

Code: 1503304
K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGENEERING, KADAPA (AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech III semester (R15) Supple. Examinations, October/November -2019

## SUB: MATERIAL SCIENCE AND METALLURGY

Dept: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTEMENT
MODEAL QUESTION PAPER
Time: 3hrs

Note: Answer five questions. Selecting one Question from each unit All Questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. a) Briefly Explain about Mechanism of crystallization of metals with neat Sketch
b) Define Grain Size, and list out the Methods to Determine Grain Size Recommended by the ASTM. Explain any one method

OR
2 a) Define solid solutions? List out the types of solid solutions. Explain Substitutional solid Solution b) State and Explain Hume Ruther's rules.

## Unit-II

3. a) Briefly explain about Phase rule and Lever rule?
b) Discuss different types of Phase diagrams in binary alloy systems.

## OR

4. Explain Iron-Iron carbon equilibrium diagrams with neat sketch and explain The effect of alloying elements on Iron-Iron carbon equilibrium diagram.

## Unit-III

5. List out the Basic types of Cast iron materials. Explain properties, applications and micro structure of Malleable Cast Iron with neat Sketch

## OR

6. Briefly Explain The Classifications of the Steels, Explain properties, applications and micro Structure and Applications of Plain Carbon Steel with neat Sketch

## Unit-IV

7. Draw and explain Isothermal-Transformation diagram for An Eutectoid steels. With neat Sketch

## OR

8. Define Heat Treatment? Classify the various stages of Heat Treatment process, and Explain Any one of the Heat Treatment process with neat sketch.

Unit-V
9. Write about the Compositions, Properties and Applications of "Copper and its Alloys" OR
10. Write about the Compositions, Properties and Applications of "Aluminum and its Alloys"

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KADAPA (AUTONOMOUS) <br> III semester (R15) Supple Examinations <br> THERMODYNAMICS <br> (Mechanical Engineering) <br> MODEL QUESTION PAPER 

Time: 3 hrs
Max Marks: 70

Answer five questions. Selecting one Question from each unit<br>All Questions carry equal marks

## Unit-I

1 (a)What is thermodynamic system ? What is the difference between a closed system and an open system ? Give a few examples for closed and open systems.
b) An engine cylinder has a piston of area $0.12 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and contains gas at a pressure of 1.5 MPa . The gas expands according to a process which is represented by a straight line of a pressurevolume diagram. The final pressure is 0.15 MPa . Calculate the work done by the gas on the piston if the stroke is 0.03 m .

## OR

2. A fluid contained in a horizontal cylinder fitted with frictionless leak proof piston, is continuously agitated by means of a stirrer passing through the cylinder cover.The cylinder diameter is 0.4 m . During the stirring process lasting 10 minutes, the piston slowly moves out a distance of 0.485 m against the atmosphere. The network done by the fluid during the process is 2 KJ . The speed of the electric motor driving the stirrer is 840 rpm . Determine torque in shaft and power output of the motor.

## Unit-II

3. a) Derive the expression for heat transfer in the polytropic process ?
b) 0.44 kg of air at $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ expands adiabatically to three times its original value and during the process; there is a fall in temperature to $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The work done during the process is $52.5 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{kg}$. Calculate $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{p}}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v}}$

## OR

4. a) Make a comprehensive energy analysis of the steam turbine.
b) The gas leaving the turbine jet engine flows steadily into the jet pipe with enthalpy 960 $\mathrm{kJ} / \mathrm{kg}$ and velocity $250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The exit from the pipe is in line with intake. Neglecting heat loss from the system, determine the velocity of gas leaving the pipe.

## Unit-III

5. a) State and explain the second law of thermodynamics.
b) A heat engine receives heat at the rate of $1500 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{min}$ and gives an output of 8.2 KW . Determine (i) the thermal efficiency (ii) the rate of heat rejection

## OR

6. a) Define Clausius inequality and prove it.
b) An engine operating on a Carnot cycle works with in temperature limits of 600 K and 300 K. If the engine receives 2000 kJ of heat, evaluate the work done and thermal efficiency of the engine.

## Unit-IV

7. a) Define dryness fraction and explain any one method of measuring it.
b) Steam enters an engine at 12 bar and $67^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of superheat. It is exhausted at a pressure of 0.15 bar and 0.95 dry. Find the drop in enthalpy of the steam.

## OR

8. Write the various forms of Tds equations and hence prove $\mathrm{Tds}=\frac{C p}{\beta V} \mathrm{dv}+\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v}} \frac{k}{\beta} \mathrm{dp}$.

## Unit-V

9. a) The specific heats of a gas are given by $C_{p}=a+k T$ and $c_{v}=b+k T$, where $a, b$ and k are constants and T is in K . Show that for an isentropic expansion of this gas, $\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{b}} v^{\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}} \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{kT}}=$ constant
b) 1.5 kg of this gas occupying a volume of $0.06 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ at 5.6 MPa expands isentropically until the temperature is $240^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If $\mathrm{a}=0.946, \mathrm{~b}=0.662$ and $\mathrm{k}=10^{-4}$. Calculate the work done in the expansion.

## OR

10. a) Derive an expression for an air standard efficiency of otto cycle.
b) Compute the changes in efficiencies of an otto cycle when the compression ratio changes from 4 to 5. Take $\gamma=1.4$.

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KADAPA (AUTONOMOUS) III semester (R15) Regular Examinations <br> MACHINE DRAWING <br> (Mechanical Engineering) MODEL QUESTION PAPER 

Time: 4 hrs
Max Marks:

## All Answers should be on the drawing sheet only Answers on the drawing sheet only will be valued

## Section -I

(Answer any two questions,2X4 = 8 Marks)

1. Sketch the conventional representation of the following
a) External threads. b) Bearing. c) compression spring
2. Sketch the conventional representation of the following
a) Wood
b) Diamond knurling
c) oil

3 Sketch the following thread profiles for a pitch of 25 mm
a) whit worth thread b) worm thread
Section -II
(Answer any two questions,2X10= 20 Marks)
4. Draw sectional view from the front and the view from the above of double Riveted zigzag lap joint to join plates of thickness 9 mm
5. Draw the view from the front and view from the side of a flanged coupling to connect two shafts each of diameter 30 mm .

6 Draw the two views of a hexagonal headed bolt of nominal diameter 25 mm and length 100 mm with a hexagonal nut and washer.

Section- III
(Compulsory question, 1X42 = 42 Marks)

7 Assemble the parts of the screw jack ,shown in figure 1and Draw the following views (i) Half sectional view from the front and (ii) view from above

$* * * * *$

Page 2 of 2

Subject Code: 1504302

# K.S.R.M. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), KADAPA <br> B.Tech. III Semester (R15) <br> Branch: ECE <br> Model Paper <br> Subject: ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS 

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five questions, choosing ONE question from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks
UNIT-I
(a) Explain Coulomb's law in detail and derive the expression for Electric field intensity $\mathbf{E}$ ?
(b) Point charges 1 mc and -2 mc are located at $(3,2,-1)$ and $(-1,-1,4)$ respectively. Calculate the electric force on a 10 nc charge at $(0,3,1)$ and the Electric field intensity $\mathbf{E}$ at that point.
(OR)

1. (a) Define Gauss's law and derive the expression for electric field intensity $E$ for uniformly charged sphere by applying Gauss's law?
(b) A finite sheet $0<x<1,0<y<1$ on $z=0$ plane has a charge density $\rho_{s}=x y\left(x^{2}+y^{2}+25\right)^{3 / 2} \mathrm{nc} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ find
(i) The total charge on the sheet
(ii) The electric field at a point $\mathrm{P}(0,0,5)$

UNIT-II
3. (a) Derive the expressions for potential V and electric field intensity $\mathbf{E}$ of a dipole?
(b) Given the potential $V=2 x^{2} y-5 z$ and a point $P(-4,3,6)$, find
(i) $\mathrm{V}, \mathbf{E}$ at point P
(ii) Electric flux density $\mathbf{D}$ and volume charge density $\rho_{v}$
(OR)
4. (a)Obtain the expression for energy density of electrostatic field?
(b) Derive the relation between electric potential V and electric field intensity $\mathbf{E}$ ?

UNIT-III
5. (a) Derive the expressions for continuity equation and relaxation time?
(b) Derive the expression for capacitance of a spherical capacitor?

## (OR)

6. (a) Dereive the Poisson's and Laplace's equtions and Explain the general procedure for solving them?
(b) State and prove the Uniqueness theorem?

UNIT-IV
7. (a)State Biot-savart's law and derive the expression for magnetic field intensity H at a
point P due to finite length current carrying conductor?
(b)The positive y -axis (semi infinite line with respect to origin) carries a filamentary current of 2 A in the $\mathbf{- a}_{\mathbf{y}}$ direction. Assume it is a part of a large circuit. Find $\mathbf{H}$ at point $\mathrm{P}(2,3,0)$.

## (OR)

8. (a) State Ampere's circuital law and derive the expression for magnetic field intensity of infinite long coaxial transmission line?
(b) Derive the Maxwell's two equations for magneto static fields.

## UNIT-V

9. (a) What is the inconsistency of Ampere's law and explain the concept of displacement current?
(b) A parallel plate capacitor with plate area of $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and plate separation of 3 mm has a voltage $50 \sin 10^{3} \mathrm{t} V$ applied to its plates. Calculate the displacement current assuming $\varepsilon=2 \varepsilon_{0}$ ?

## (OR)

10. (a) Give the Maxwell's equations in point form and integral form along with word statements?
(b) Derive the boundary conditions for Dielectric-Dielectric case?

Code:1504303

# K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (autonomous), KADAPA MODEL QUESTION PAPER <br> FOUR YEAR B. TECH (R15) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 2019 <br> Third Semester Examination <br> Sub: Electronic Devices \& Circuits <br> (Common to EEE \& ECE Branches) 

Time: 3 Hrs.
Marks: 70
Note : Answer any FIVE questions by choosing one from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT-1

1. (a) Discuss P-N Diode V-I characteristics with neat sketch.
(b)Discuss Zener and avalanche break down mechanisms.
(OR)
2. (a) Derive an expression for Drift and Diffusion currents in P-N Junction Diode.
(b) Differentiate insulators ,metal and semiconductors

UNIT-II
3. (a) With circuit and necessary wave forms explain the operation of Centred tapped Full wave Rectifier.
(b) The load resistance of centre tapped full wave rectifier is 500 ohms and the necessary voltage is $60 \sin (100 \pi t)$. Calculate i) peak, average and rms values of current ii) ripple factor and iii) efficiency of the rectifier . each diode has an idealized v-I characteristics having slope corresponding to a resistance of 50 ohms
(7M)
(OR)
4. (a) With circuit and necessary wave forms explain the operation of HWR with capacitor filter (7M)
(b) Explain the operation of bridge rectifier and derive the expression for TUF.

UNIT-III
5. (a). Explain the operation of NPN \&PNP Transistors.
(b). Define $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$.Derive the Relationship between $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ of the Transistor.
(OR)
6. (a).Explain input and output characteristics of Common Emitter Configuration with neat diagram.
(b). Discuss in detail about early effect and its consequences.

## UNIT-IV

7. With the help of neat sketches and characteristics curve explain the Operation of the Junction FET(14M)
(OR)
8. With neat structure explain the principle of operation of enhancement MOSFET.

## UNIT-V

9 (a) What is meant by Q-point? What is the need for biasing a Transistor?
(b)Define Stability factor ' $S$ '. Derive an expression for stability factor ' $S$ ' in Self-biasing a Transistor?
(OR)
10.Discuss the principle of operation and V-I characteristics of (a). Photo diode
(b) Uni Junction Transistor.

# K.S.R.M. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), KADAPA <br> B.Tech. III Semester (R15) <br> Branch: ECE <br> Model Paper <br> Subject: SIGNALS \& SYSTEMS 

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five questions, choosing ONE question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

1. (a) Define and sketch the following elementary signals
(i)Unit impulse signal (ii)Unit step signal (iii)Unit ramp signal (iv)Signum function.
(b) Explain the different classifications of the signals.
(OR)
2. (a) Determine the Fourier series of the signal shown in figure below figure

(b ) Explain Dirichlet's conditions for the convergence of Fourier series.

UNIT-II
3. State and prove any five properties of Fourier Transform
4. (a) Obtain the Fourier transform of the following functions:
i. Impulse function $\delta(\mathrm{t})$
ii. DC Signal
iii. Unit step function.
(b) Explain the Fourier transform of periodic signals.

UNIT-III
5. (a) Explain how input and output signals are related to impulse response of a LTI system
(b) Explain the conditions for Distortion less transmission through LTI system.
(OR)
6. Explain the process of sampling in detail with neat sketches

UNIT-IV
7. (a) Explain the Linear Shift Invariant (LSI) system and its response.
(b)Write short notes on linear constant coefficient difference equations.
(OR)
8. (a) Define discrete time Fourier transforms and explain the conditions for its convergence.
(b) State and prove the time shifting and convolution properties of DTFT.

UNIT-V
9. (a) Define Laplace Transform and State the properties of the ROC of Laplace Transforms
(b) Find the Laplace transform of $x(t)=e^{-t} \cos (\omega t) u(t)$ and mention its ROC.
(OR)
10. (a) If $X(s)=\frac{s+3}{(s+1)(s+2)}$ find its inverse Laplace transform .
(b) State and prove initial value and final value theorems.

## Code:(1511302)

## K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KADAPA (AUTONOMOUS) <br> III semester (R15) Supple Examinations <br> MECHANICS OF SOLIDS (1511302) <br> Mechanical Engineering MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time:3 hours
Max Marks: 70
Answer any five questions choosing one question from each unit
All questions carry equal marks

## UNIT I

1. a) Derive the relationship between the elastic moduli. marks)
b) A reinforced short concrete column 250 mm X 250 mm in section is reinforced with 8 steel bars in $2500 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. The column carries a load of 390 KN . If the modulus of elasticity for steel is 15 times that of concrete. Find the stresses in steel and concrete (6 marks)

## OR

2. a) Derive a relation between stress and strain of elastic body (7marks)
b) A brass bar having cross sectional area of $1000 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ is subjected to axial forces as shown in fig. Find the total elongation of the bar, Take $\mathrm{E}=1.05 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$
marks)


UNIT II
3. a) what are the different types of beams. Differentiate between a point load and uniformly distributed load.
marks)
b) Draw the SF and BM diagrams for the overhanging beam carrying UDL of $2 \mathrm{KN} / \mathrm{m}$ over the entire length and a point of 2 KN as shown in fig. Locate the point of contra flexure.


OR
4 a) Define shear force and bending moment with sign conventions Marks)
b) Draw shear force and bending moment diagram for the shown in fig indicating principal values marks)


## UNIT III

5. a)Write the assumptions of theory of simple bending
(4 Marks)
b)A timber beam of rectangular section is to support a load of 20 KN over a span of 4 m . If the depth of the section is to be twice the breadth and the stress in the timber is not to exceed 60 $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$, find the dimensions of the cross section. How would you modify of the beam it were a concentrated load placed at the centre with the same ratio of breadth to depth. (10 Marks)

## OR

6. a) Derive the shear stress distribution over rectangular section
b) A beam of triangular cross section with base $b$ and height $h$ is used with the base horizontal .calculate the intensity of max shear stress and plot the variation of shear stress intensity over the section

## UNIT IV

7. state the assumptions and Derive the theory of pure torsion equation

OR
8. A beam AB of 6 m span in simply supported at the ends and in loaded as shown in fig. Determine (i) deflection at C (ii) Max deflection (iii) slope at end A. Take $E=2 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ and $\mathrm{I}=2000 \mathrm{~cm}^{4}$


## UNIT V

9a) Derive the formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresses
b).A cylindrical shell 2.4 m long 0.6 meter in diameter is made up of 12 mm thin plate. Find the change in length and diameter when the shell is subjected to an internal pressure of $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$. Take $E=2 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ and $\mu=0.25$

## OR

10.A compound cylinder formed by shrinking one bite onto another is subjected to an internal pressure of $50 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$. Before the fluid in admitted, the internal and external diameters of the compound cylinder are 100 mm and 180 mm and the diameter at the junction is 150 mm .If after striking on, the radial pressure at common surface is $8 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$, calculate the final stresses set up by the section

Subject Code: 1512306

## K.S.R.M. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), KADAPA <br> B.Tech. III Semester (R15) <br> Branch: ECE <br> Model Paper <br> Subject: ELECTRICAL MACHINES

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five questions, choosing ONE question from each unit.
All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT-I

1. a) Explain the working principle and constructional details of DC Generator with a neat Sketch
b) Explain the OCC of generator and find the Critical speed \& Critical Resistance (OR)
2. a) Derive the Torque equation of DC Motor.
b) Determine the Developed Torque \& Shaft Torque of 220V,4 Pole Series Motor with 800 Conductors Wave Connected Supply a lode of 8.2 KW by taking 45A from the mains. The flux per pole is 25 mWb and it's Armature circuit resistance is $0.6 \Omega$.

UNIT-II
3. a) Derive the equation for the EMF induced in the Transformer.
b) Draw and explain no-load Vector Diagram of Practical Transformer.
(OR)
4. a) Explain OC \& SC Test on 1- $\varphi$ Transformer Develop the Equivalent Circuit From the test's.
b) Obtain the approximate equivalent circuit of a given $200 / 2000 \mathrm{~V}, 1-\varphi, 25 \mathrm{KVA}$ Transformer having the following test Results

| Test | Voltage | Current | Wattmeter Reading |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OC test | 200 | 6 | 350 W |
| SC Test | 70 | 15 | 600 W |

## UNIT-III

5. Explain Construction and working principle of 3- $\varphi$ Induction motor a) Sqirrelcage b)Slip ring

## (OR)

6. a) Derive the Torque equation of $3-\varphi$ Induction Motor.
b) The power input to the rotor of a $3-\varphi, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6$-Pole IM is 80 KW , the Rotor EMF makes 120 complete alternations per minute. Find a)Slip b) Motor Speed c) Mechanical power developed d) Rotor copper loss per phase.

UNIT-IV
7. a) Explain the constructional details and principle of operation of a synchronous machine.
b) Find the voltage of a $10-$ pole $3-\varphi, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$, star connected alternator with 60 slots and 4 Conductors per Slot the Coil span is $150^{\circ}$ flux per pole is 0.12 Wb and it is sinusoid distributed.

## (OR)

8. a) Explain Synchronous impedance method to pre-determine the regulation of an alternator
b) A $550 \mathrm{~V}, 55 \mathrm{KVA}, 1-\varphi$ Alternator has an effective resistance of $0.25 \Omega$ a field circuit of 10A producer an Armature Current of 200A on Short Circuit and an EMF of 500 V on Open Circuit calculate $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{s}}, \mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{s}}$ and full load voltage regulation at 0.8pf lagging

## UNIT-V

9. a) Explain the construction and Working principle of Stepper motor
b) Draw the connection Diagram of Capacitance start and Capacitor Run 1-甲 IM and explain the operation.

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(\mathbf{O R})
$$

10. a) Explain the principle of operation an AC Servo motor.
b) Explain why $1-\varphi$ IM is not self starting.

# KSRM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, (AUTONOMOUS) KADAPA <br> Model Question Paper <br> (1599301) ELECTRICAL \& ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING <br> B.Tech. III Semester (CSE) (R15) Degree Examinations 

Time: Three Hours
Maximum: 70 Marks
Note: Answer any FIVE questions by choosing one from unit. All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT-I

1. Define the following.
a) Active and Passive Elements
b) Linear and Nonlinear Elements
c) Unilateral and Bilateral Elements
d) Explain Kirchhoff's Laws.
e) Derive the $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{eq}}$ when three resistors are connected in parallel.
\{OR\}
2. a) Give necessary equations to find the star network for a given delta network.
b) Find $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{AB}}$ for the given network below.

3. a) Derive the EMF equation of a DC generator.
b) Explain the different losses occur in a DC machine.

## \{OR\}

4. a) Discuss the constructional details of a single phase transformer.
b) Obtain the equivalent circuit of a $1 \mathrm{KVA}, 100 \mathrm{~V} / 200 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ single phase transformer which given the test results.

| OC Test | 100 V | 0.8 A | 40 W |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| SC Test | 12 V | 5 A | 50 W |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## UNIT-III

5. a) Describe the operation of P-N Junction Diode under forward bias and reverse bias?
b) Draw the V-I Characteristics of P-N Junction diode and what are the applications of it?
\{OR\}
6. a) Compare half wave rectifier with Full wave rectifier?
b) Explain Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator?

## UNIT-IV

7. a) Explain the input and output characteristics of a transistor in CB Configuration?
b) Explain SCR Operation and its Characteristics?

## \{OR\}

8. a) Explain Single Stage CE amplifier and its Frequency Response?
b) Explain the operation of a N-P-N Transistor?

## UNIT-V

9. a) Explain the synchronous impedance method to find the regulation of an alternator. (10M)
b) A 3 phase induction motor has 2 poles and is connected to $400 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply.

Calculate the actual rotor speed and rotor frequency when the slip is $4 \%$.
\{OR\}
10. a) what is an OP-AMP? What are the characteristics of an ideal Op-Amp?
b) Explain Integrator?

Code: ((1599303)
K.S.R.M COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KADAPA (AUTONOMOUS)

III semester (R15) Supple. Examinations
Basic Electrical \& Electronics Engineering((1599303)
(Mechanical Engineering)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 3 Hours
Max.Marks:70
NOTE: 1. Answer any FIVE questions, choosing one question from each Module
2. All questions carry equal marks

## MODULE-I

1. Define the following.
A) Active and Passive Elements
2M
B) Linear and Nonlinear Elements 2M
C) Unilateral and Bilateral Elements 2M
D) Explain Kirchhoff's Laws. 5M
E) Derive the $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{eq}}$ when three resistors are connected in parallel. 3 M
\{OR \}
2. A) Give necessary equations to find the star network for a given delta network. 7M
B) Find $R_{A B}$ for the given network below.


## MODULE-II

3. A) Derive the EMF equation of a DC generator. 7M
B) Explain the different losses occur in a DC machine.

## \{OR\}

4. A) Discuss the constructional details of a single phase transformer.
B) Obtain the equivalent circuit of a $1 \mathrm{KVA}, 100 \mathrm{~V} / 200 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ single phase transformer which given the test results.

| OC Test | 100 V | 0.8 A | 40 W |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SC Test | 12 V | 5 A | 50 W |

## MODULE-III

5. A) Explain the forward bias characteristics of a PN junction diode and plot the graph for V-I. 10M
B) Write the application of a PN junction Diode.

## \{OR\}

6. A) Explain the operation of a half wave rectifier with the help of a circuit diagram.
B) What are the advantages of a bridge rectifier?

## MODULE-IV

7. A) Explain the operation of NPN transistor.
B) Draw the frequency response curve for CE amplifier and explain it.
\{OR\}
8. A) Derive an expression for gain of an amplifier with negative feedback. 7M
B) Draw the SCR characteristics curves and explain.

## MODULE-V

9. A) Explain the synchronous impedance method to find the regulation of an alternator.
B) A 3 phase induction motor has 2 poles and is connected to $400 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply. Calculate the actual rotor speed and rotor frequency when the slip is $4 \%$.
10. A) Draw the circuit symbols of basic logic gates and write the truth tables of them.
B) Draw the block diagram of a CRO and explain in detail.
